

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name **Body Primer 30ml/1 Litre**

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **One-component adhesion promoter for the automotive industry**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
<b>CLEANERS AND ADHESION PROMOTERS FORMULATIONS IN INDUSTRY</b>		✓	
-	<b>-INDUSTRIAL USES OF CLEANERS AND</b>		
<b>ADHESION PROMOTERS</b>			✓
<b>CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE USE IN LABORATORY, INDUSTRIAL</b>		✓	✓

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **Wayside Adhesives Ltd**  
Full address **23 Main Road, Radcliffe On Trent**  
District and Country **Nottingham. NG12 2BE**  
Tel. **01159 333321**

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet [info@waysideadhesives.com](mailto:info@waysideadhesives.com)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to **01159 333321**

## SECTION 2. Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



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### SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

**H225** Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
**H319** Causes serious eye irritation.  
**H334** May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
**EUH204** Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

**P210** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
**P261** Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.  
**P280** Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.  
**P342+P311** If experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .  
**P304+P340** IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
**P370+P378** In case of fire: use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Contains:** DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE  
METHYL ETHYL KETONE  
DIMETHYLBIS[(1-OXONEODECYL)OXY]STANNANE  
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%.

### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
<b>METHYL ETHYL KETONE</b>		
INDEX 606-002-00-3	54 $\leq$ x < 58	<b>Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066</b>
EC 201-159-0		
CAS 78-93-3		
REACH Reg. 01-2119457290-43		
<b>CARBON BLACK.</b>		
INDEX	15 $\leq$ x < 16,5	
EC 215-609-9		
CAS 1333-86-4		
REACH Reg. 01-2119384822-32		
<b>DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE</b>		
INDEX 615-005-00-9	0,89 $\leq$ x < 1	<b>Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 2, C Skin Irrit. 2 H315: <math>\geq</math> 5%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: <math>\geq</math> 5%, Resp. Sens. 1 H334: <math>\geq</math> 0,1%, STOT SE 3 H335: <math>\geq</math> 5% STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l</b>
EC 202-966-0		
CAS 101-68-8		
REACH Reg. 01-2119457014-47-XXXX		
<b>ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE</b>		
INDEX 615-008-00-5	0,44 $\leq$ x < 0,5	<b>Acute Tox. 1 H330, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 2 Skin Sens. 1 H317: <math>\geq</math> 0,5%, Resp. Sens. 1 H334: <math>\geq</math> 0,5% LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,031 mg/l/4h</b>
EC 223-861-6		
CAS 4098-71-9		

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### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>

REACH Reg. 01-2119490408-31

**DIMETHYLBIS[(1-OXONEODECYL)OXY]STANNANE**

INDEX  $0,07 \leq x < 0,1$

**Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412**

EC 273-028-6

**STA Oral: 500 mg/kg**

CAS 68928-76-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### SECTION 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**EYES:** Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

**INHALATION:** Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

**INGESTION:** Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

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### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures ... / >>

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 3

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÅRDSDMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os

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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

POL	Polska	agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 - ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2022

#### CARBON BLACK.

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	2				
MAK	DEU	4				INHAL
MAK	DEU	1,5				RESP
VLA	ESP	3,5				
VLEP	FRA	3,5				INHAL
HTP	FIN	3,5		7		
VLEP	ITA	3				INHAL
TLV	NOR	3,5				
NGV/KGV	SWE	3				
WEL	GBR	3,5		7		INHAL

#### ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH			0,005			

##### Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,06	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,006	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	218,92	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	21,89	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	10,6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	44,01	mg/kg

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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

#### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	0,05		0,1		
AGW	DEU	0,05		0,05 (C)		INHAL C = 0,1 mg/m3
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,05 (C)		INHAL C = 0,1 mg/m3
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,05		SKIN C = 0,1 mg/m3
TLV	DNK	0,05	0,005			
VLA	ESP	0,052	0,005			
VLEP	FRA	0,1	0,01	0,2	0,02	
TLV	GRC	0,2		0,2		
AK	HUN	0,05		0,05		
TLV	NOR	0,05	0,005			
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,03		0,09		
TLV	ROU			0,15		
NGV/KGV	SWE	0,03	0,002	0,05	0,005	STEL: 5 min
NPEL	SVK	0,03	0,002			
MV	SVN	0,05		0,05		INHAL
MV	SVN		0,005		0,005	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		0,051	0,005			

#### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	590		885		
TLV	CZE	600	200,4	900	300,6	
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN
TLV	DNK	145	50			SKIN E
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300	
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN
HTP	FIN	60	20	300	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	600	200	900	300	
AK	HUN	600		900		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300	
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300	
TLV	NOR	220	75			
TGG	NLD	590		500		SKIN
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300	
NDS/NDSch	POL	450		900		SKIN
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300	
NGV/KGV	SWE	150	50	900	300	
NPEL	SVK	600	200	900	300	
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300	
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300	

##### Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	55,8	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	284,74	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	284,7	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	55,8	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	709	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	22,5	mg/kg

Oral	VND	31	mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	VND	106	mg/m3
Skin	VND	412	mg/kg bw/d
			VND 600 mg/m3
			VND 1161 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.  
 VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard  
 ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

##### HAND PROTECTION

Protect your hands with work gloves, category III (ref. standard EN 374). For the final choice of material you need to assess the type of use. In case of contact for the short term or as protection against splashes, use gloves made of nitrile (0.3mm thickness, permeation time >480 min.). In the event of continued exposure use butyl rubber gloves (0.4mm thickness, permeation time > 480 min.). Contaminated gloves should be removed.

##### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

##### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

##### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In case of exceeding the threshold value (eg, TLV-TWA) of the substance or one or more of the substances present in the product, it is advisable to wear a mask with filter type A for organic vapors, the class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (1000, 5000 or 10000 ppm) (ref. standard EN 14387).

##### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	black	
Odour	solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	80 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	0,8 % (v/v)	
Upper explosive limit	11,5 % (v/v)	
Flash point	-10 °C	Method:DIN 51755
Auto-ignition temperature	400 °C	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not available	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Solubility	not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	150 mbar	
Density and/or relative density	0,92 - 0,96	Method:ISO 1183-1 A
Relative vapour density	2,5	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

#### 9.2. Other information

##### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

##### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	61,91 %	-	588,10	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	36,61 %	-	344,14	g/litre

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### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Decomposes at 274°C/525°F.

With water it develops carbon dioxide and forms an insoluble solid polymer and consequently any wet material recovered must be stored in open containers.

##### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

May react dangerously with: alcohols, amines, ammonia, sodium hydroxide, acids, water, strong acids, strong bases.

##### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air, light, strong oxidising agents. Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, sulphuric acid. May react dangerously with: oxidising agents, trichloromethane, alkalis. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

##### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

##### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants, inorganic acids, ammonia, copper, chloroform.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

May develop: nitric oxide, carbon oxides, hydrogen cyanide.

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

##### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

##### Information on likely routes of exposure

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

##### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Causes symptoms of irritation of the eye mucous membranes, upper respiratory and digestive tract and also to the skin; lung irritation of the bronchitis type (chest pains, cough, asthmatic wheezing), neurological symptoms (dizziness, balance disorders, headaches and consciousness disturbances). In severe cases, may give rise to delayed pulmonary edema (INRS, 2009). May cause hypersensitivity pneumonia which, in the event of continuous exposure, may progress to interstitial fibrosis (INRS, 2009).



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### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

#### Interactive effects

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Cross sensitisations with other isocyanates are possible, in particular with TDI (toluene diisocyanate).

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l  
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)  
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

##### CARBON BLACK.

LD50 (Dermal): > 3000 mg/kg *Oryctolagus* sp.  
LD50 (Oral): > 8000 mg/kg *Rattus* sp.  
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): > 27 mg/l/1h *Rattus* sp.

##### ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 7000 mg/kg *Rattus* sp.  
LD50 (Oral): 4814 mg/kg *Rattus* sp.  
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 0,031 mg/l/4h *Rattus* sp.

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 9400 mg/kg *Oryctolagus* sp.  
LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg *Rattus* sp.  
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 2,24 mg/l *Rattus* sp.

##### METHYL ETHYL KETONE

LD50 (Dermal): 6480 mg/kg *Oryctolagus* sp.  
LD50 (Oral): 2737 mg/kg *Rattus* sp.  
LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 23,5 mg/l/8h *Rattus* sp.

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the respiratory system

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

##### DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

### SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

CARBON BLACK.

LC50 - for Fish

> 1000 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 10000 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

LC50 - for Fish

> 1000 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

1640 mg/l Desmodesmus subspicatus

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

LC50 - for Fish

2993 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea

308 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Solubility in water

0,1 - 100 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Solubility in water

> 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

4,51

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

0,3

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations ... / >>

should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.  
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.  
Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.  
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING  
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### SECTION 14. Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1139

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: COATING SOLUTION  
IMDG: COATING SOLUTION  
IATA: COATING SOLUTION

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3



IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3



IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO  
IMDG: NO  
IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33 Special provision: 640D	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-E	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo: Passengers: Special provision:	Maximum quantity: 60 L Maximum quantity: 5 L A3	Packaging instructions: 364 Packaging instructions: 353

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

##### Product

Point 3 - 40

##### Contained substance

Point 75

Point 56

DIPHENYLMETHANE-4,4'-DIISOCYANATE  
REACH Reg.: 01-2119457014-47-XXXX

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Point 74 DIISOCYANATES

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors  
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Primers.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Flam. Liq. 2</b>	Flammable liquid, category 2
<b>Carc. 2</b>	Carcinogenicity, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 1</b>	Acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Acute Tox. 4</b>	Acute toxicity, category 4
<b>STOT RE 2</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
<b>Eye Irrit. 2</b>	Eye irritation, category 2
<b>Skin Irrit. 2</b>	Skin irritation, category 2
<b>STOT SE 3</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
<b>Resp. Sens. 1</b>	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
<b>Skin Sens. 1</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 2</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
<b>Aquatic Chronic 3</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
<b>H225</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
<b>H351</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.
<b>H330</b>	Fatal if inhaled.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H332</b>	Harmful if inhaled.
<b>H373</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H319</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>H315</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>H335</b>	May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>H334</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>H317</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>H336</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>H411</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H412</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>EUH066</b>	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
<b>EUH204</b>	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

## Primer 30ml/1 Litre

### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02.

